

Chaplaincy of All Saints, Hérault

(the English Church at Saint-Pargoire)

	<i>Proposer</i>	<i>Secunder</i>
We (<i>insert names</i>)		
of (<i>insert addresses</i>)		
Being members of the electoral roll of this parish		
Hereby nominate (<i>insert name</i>)		
of (<i>insert address</i>)		
as a candidate for election as Synod Representative on the Chaplaincy Church Council at the annual meeting to be held on 19th March 2023		
	<i>(Proposer's signature)</i>	<i>(Secunder's signature)</i>
Signed		
I declare that I am communicant of 16 years or over and not disqualified nor barred from acting as a Church Council Member. I also declare that if elected, I consent to serve.		
Signed (<i>Nominee's signature</i>)		

Notes:

- Proposers and seconds must be on the Electoral Roll of the chaplaincy.
- Nominees must:
 - be on the Electoral Roll of the Chaplaincy, have been so entered for at least the preceding period of six months or since initiation of the Electoral Roll;
 - be an actual communicant as defined in the Church Representation Rules [54(1)];
 - be willing to act as a charity trustee;
- Nominees must **not**:
 - be disqualified from acting as a charity trustee of any charity under section 72(1) of the Charities Act 1993.
 - have been disqualified from holding office under section 10(6) of the Incumbents (Vacation of Benefices) Measure 1977.
 - be disqualified under relevant French law from holding elected office in an Association
 - A person is disqualified from being a charity trustee under the Charities Act if they have been convicted of an offence involving deception or dishonesty (unless such conviction is legally regarded as spent), if they are an undischarged bankrupt, have made compositions or arrangements with any creditors from which they have not been discharged or have been removed from serving as a charity trustee, or been stopped from acting in a management position within a charity.
 - To knowingly make a false statement is a criminal offence under section 11 of the Charities Act 1993.